

Growing Accessories Profitably

How Retailers Can Build a High-Performing Accessories Category

Executive Guide for Retailers, Fashion Brands, Department Stores & Buying Directors

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Executive Summary

Accessories are among the most profitable categories in fashion retail—but only when they are managed strategically.

Many retailers focus on increasing the number of products available rather than improving the quality of their assortment, merchandising and sourcing decisions.

As a result, they often experience:

- Low stock rotation
- Excessive markdowns
- Margin erosion
- SKU duplication
- High inventory costs
- Inconsistent customer experience

The retailers achieving the strongest long-term performance follow a different approach.

They treat accessories as a strategic profit centre rather than an add-on category.

They carefully balance assortment planning, pricing architecture, inventory management and supplier partnerships to maximise sell-through while protecting margins.

This guide explores the practical strategies that help retailers build more profitable accessories businesses.

Why Accessories Matter

Accessories offer several commercial advantages over many fashion categories.

They generally provide:

- Higher gross margins
- Lower size complexity
- Longer selling periods
- Lower return rates
- Better gifting potential
- Strong cross-selling opportunities
- Faster inventory turnover when well curated

Unlike apparel, handbags and accessories are less affected by fit issues, making them a highly efficient category for both physical retail and e-commerce.

The Biggest Mistake Retailers Make

Many businesses assume that a larger assortment automatically leads to more sales.

In reality, excessive product choice often creates:

- Slower stock rotation
- Higher purchasing costs
- More complex inventory management
- Increased markdowns
- Customer decision fatigue

A successful accessories category is not built on volume.

It is built on relevance.

Build a Category Strategy

Every accessories department should have a clearly defined role.

Ask these questions:

- Who is the customer?
- What problem does each product solve?
- What price range fits our positioning?
- Which products generate repeat purchases?
- Which products build brand perception?
- Which products create impulse purchases?

Without clear answers, buying becomes reactive instead of strategic.

Build a Balanced Assortment

Successful retailers rarely rely on trend products alone.

A balanced category typically includes:

Core Collection (50–60%)

Timeless products that sell consistently throughout the year.

Examples:

- Black leather totes
- Crossbody bags
- Everyday shoulder bags
- Business bags

These items form the commercial foundation of the category.

Seasonal Collection (20–25%)

Products reflecting current trends without dominating the assortment.

Examples:

- Seasonal colours
- New silhouettes
- Limited materials
- Trend-driven details

These create freshness and encourage repeat visits.

Premium Collection (10–15%)

Higher-value products that elevate perception and increase average transaction value.

Capsule Collection (5–10%)

Limited editions, collaborations or exclusive launches designed to generate excitement and media attention.

Think in Customer Missions

Customers buy handbags for different purposes.

Instead of organising products only by style, consider buying around customer needs.

Examples include:

Work & Business

Structured totes, laptop bags and elegant shoulder bags.

Everyday Essentials

Versatile crossbody bags and medium-sized shoppers.

Travel

Lightweight, functional bags with secure compartments.

Evening

Elegant mini bags and occasion styles.

Weekend

Relaxed totes, bucket bags and soft leather styles.

Buying around customer missions creates a more intuitive assortment.

Master Your Price Architecture

One of the most common mistakes is clustering products at similar price points.

A healthy category should include:

Segment	Purpose
Entry Price	Customer acquisition
Core Commercial	Highest sales volume
Premium	Margin improvement

Segment	Purpose
Statement	Brand positioning

Clear price progression helps customers trade up naturally.

Increase Average Order Value

Accessories are ideal for increasing basket size.

Opportunities include:

- Bag charms
- Wallets
- Card holders
- Cosmetic cases
- Keychains
- Scarves
- Adjustable straps
- Gift sets

Bundled merchandising can significantly improve profitability without requiring new customer acquisition.

Reduce Inventory Risk

Inventory is one of the largest costs in accessories retail.

To reduce risk:

- Launch with smaller initial quantities.
- Reorder proven performers quickly.
- Monitor sell-through weekly.
- Eliminate persistent underperformers.
- Avoid unnecessary colour duplication.

Fast replenishment is often more profitable than large speculative orders.

Use Data to Guide Buying

Successful buying decisions rely on evidence rather than intuition.

Key metrics include:

- Sell-through rate
- Gross margin
- Stock turn
- Return rate
- Average order value
- Conversion rate
- Markdown percentage
- Reorder frequency

These indicators reveal which products deserve additional investment.

Choose the Right Suppliers

The best supplier is not necessarily the cheapest.

Evaluate suppliers based on:

- Product quality
- Lead times
- Reliability
- Communication
- Flexibility
- Private-label capability
- Quality control
- Financial stability

Long-term supplier relationships often generate greater commercial value than constantly changing manufacturers.

Develop Private Label

Private label allows retailers to:

- Improve margins.
- Differentiate assortments.
- Strengthen brand identity.
- Reduce direct price competition.
- Build customer loyalty.

The most successful programmes often adapt commercially proven product platforms rather than designing every item from scratch.

Merchandise for Profit

Presentation strongly influences purchasing behaviour.

Effective merchandising includes:

- Coordinated colour stories.
- Lifestyle displays.
- Cross-selling with apparel and footwear.
- Seasonal feature tables.
- Premium product placement at eye level.
- Clear price communication.

Online, merchandising should focus on:

- High-quality photography.
 - Complete product information.
 - Lifestyle imagery.
 - Related product recommendations.
 - Customer reviews.
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Sustainability & Longevity

Customers increasingly value products that offer long-term use.

Retailers should communicate:

- Material quality.
- Craftsmanship.
- Care instructions.
- Durability.
- Timeless design.

Products positioned as long-term investments often justify stronger margins.

Common Profitability Mistakes

Avoid:

- Buying too many similar products.
- Overcommitting to seasonal trends.
- Ignoring replenishment opportunities.

- Choosing suppliers solely on price.
 - Weak quality control.
 - Poor product photography.
 - Unclear pricing architecture.
 - Inconsistent merchandising.
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Store Brands VIP Framework

We recommend managing accessories through six strategic pillars:

Curate

Select fewer, stronger products.

Differentiate

Develop exclusive private-label collections.

Execute

Work with reliable manufacturing partners.

Replenish

Reorder proven bestsellers quickly.

Measure

Track commercial performance continuously.

Improve

Use customer feedback and sales data to refine future collections.

Action Plan for Buying Teams

Immediate Priorities

- Review current SKU performance.
- Remove low-performing products.
- Identify replenishment opportunities.

- Strengthen supplier evaluation.
- Introduce clear assortment architecture.

Medium-Term Priorities

- Expand private-label capability.
- Improve merchandising.
- Develop category reporting.
- Increase cross-selling initiatives.

Long-Term Priorities

- Build strategic supplier partnerships.
- Create exclusive collections.
- Improve customer lifetime value.
- Position accessories as a core profit centre.

Conclusion

Growing an accessories category profitably is not about selling more handbags.

It is about making better commercial decisions.

Retailers that combine disciplined assortment planning, strategic sourcing, effective merchandising and reliable supplier partnerships can increase margins while delivering stronger customer experiences.

Accessories should not be viewed as a supporting category.

They should be recognised as one of the most powerful drivers of profitable retail growth.

About Store Brands VIP

Store Brands VIP partners with retailers, fashion brands and marketplaces to build stronger accessories businesses through:

- Italian leather manufacturing
- Curated commercial collections
- Private-label development
- Strategic sourcing
- Quality assurance
- International logistics

Our mission is to help retailers create accessories programmes that are commercially successful, operationally efficient and built for long-term growth.

Store Brands VIP

Europe's Accessories Growth Partner

Ready to Strengthen Your Accessories Category?

Whether you are reviewing your assortment, launching a private-label collection or looking to improve profitability, our team is ready to help.

Book an Accessories Growth Strategy Session